



CONVENTION  
ON CLUSTER MUNITIONS

Last updated: 29 January 2024

	<h2>Côte d'Ivoire</h2> <p>Signed: 4 December 2008 Ratified: 12 March 2012 Entered into force: 1 September 2012</p>	
<b>Article 3 - Stockpile destruction and retention</b>		
Completed destruction of its cluster munition stockpiles in February 2013		
<b>Article 4 - Clearance and risk reduction education</b>		
Does not have any contamination in areas under its jurisdiction or control		
<b>Article 5 - Victim assistance</b>		
Does not have cluster munition victims		
<b>Article 6 - International cooperation and assistance</b>		
Had requested for assistance to fulfil Article 3 obligations		
Received technical and financial assistance from UNMAS to fulfil Article 3 obligations from January to February 2013		
<b>Article 7 - Transparency measures</b>		
Initial transparency report submitted on 29 April 2013		
Annual reports submitted covering: 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2019, and 2020		
<b>Article 9 - National implementation measures</b>		
Côte d'Ivoire has existing laws that regulate weapons and ammunition; it has however expressed intention to undertake legal measures to implement the CCM (since 2013)		
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